

## Mechanical properties of ternary eutectic V-9Si-6.5B

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The V-Si-B system has gained scientific interest as a new low-density, refractory metal-based structural intermetallic alloy system. The alloy design is strongly influenced and driven by the developments in the field of Mo-Si-B alloys and shares some interesting structural and microstructural features. Very recently, the formations of ternary eutectic  $V_{55}\text{-V}_3\text{Si-V}_5\text{SiB}_2$  microstructure has been reported [1] which contains the same isomorphous phases as the ternary eutectic in the well-studied Mo-Si-B system: a refractory metal-based solid-solution phase ( $\text{Mo}_{55}$  or  $\text{V}_{55}$ ) and the two intermetallic phases with either an A15 ( $\text{Mo}_3\text{Si}$  and  $\text{V}_3\text{Si}$ ) or a D8<sub>I</sub> ( $\text{Mo}_5\text{SiB}_2$  and  $\text{V}_5\text{SiB}_2$ ) structure. In contrast to the Mo-based system, where the intermetallic  $\text{Mo}_3\text{Si}$  represents the major phase within the ternary eutectic microstructure, the  $V_{55}\text{-V}_3\text{Si-V}_5\text{SiB}_2$  eutectic features the ductile solid-solution phase as the major component. This fact makes the V-Si-B ternary eutectic very interesting in terms of its mechanical properties.

The present work is focused on the compressive stress-strain behavior of the ternary eutectic alloy composition V-9Si-6.5B. Compression tests were performed using an electro-mechanical universal testing machine and a constant crosshead speed corresponding to an initial (engineering) strain rate of  $10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$ . The yield stresses were determined by the 0.2% offset method. The temperature dependence of its yield stress was investigated in the as-cast and annealed state (1400 °C for 100 hrs) of the alloy V-9Si-6.5B. Both conditions were tested between room temperature and 1000 °C and were compared to literature values of different V-based alloys [2–4].

### References

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